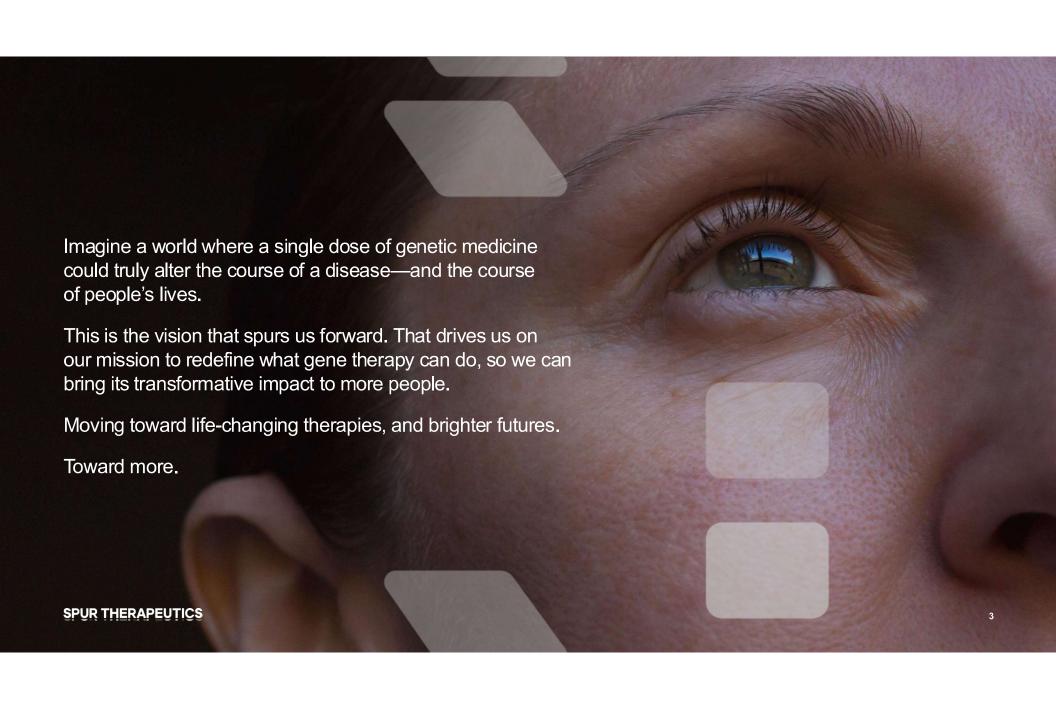


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Toward tailored gene therapies

Where many first-generation therapies fall short

- Safety
- No improvement on standard of care
- Commercial uptake

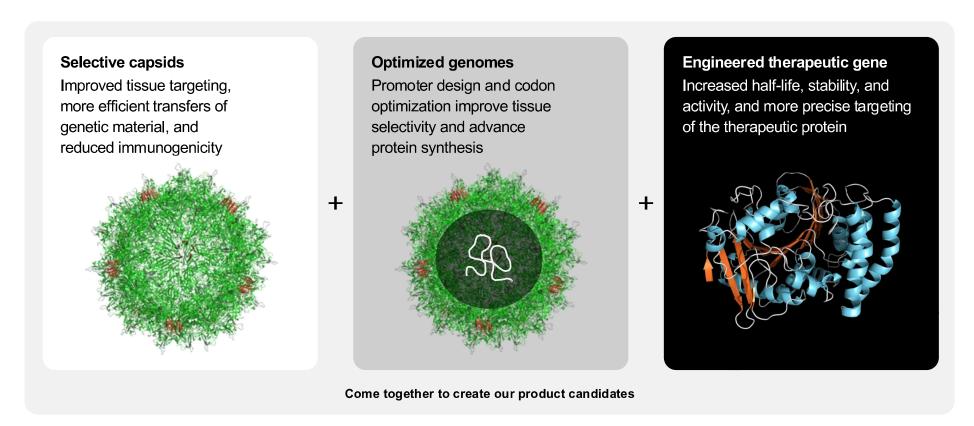
Tailored gene therapies offer more

- Optimized for specific diseases to drive higher efficacy at lower doses
- Improved outcomes, including changing the course of the disease
- Potential to impact more prevalent conditions

SPUR THERAPEUTICS

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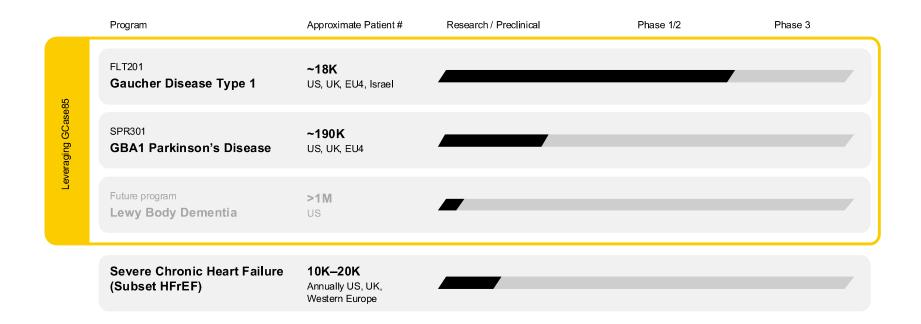
Optimizing every component of our product candidates to realize outsized clinical results at lower doses



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Moving from rare to more prevalent conditions

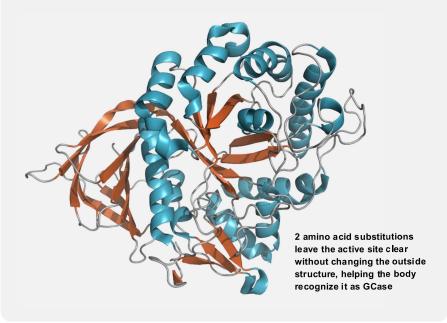


HFrEF = heart failure with reduced ejection fraction

Estimated patient numbers for Gaucher disease type 1 represent the total theoretical genetic prevalence of the indication. The seroprevalence of antibodies against the AAVS3 capsid renders some patients ineligible for AAVS3 gene therapy. Estimated GBA1-PD population is based on 5%-15% of diagnosed PD patients, representing the approximate number of patients with *GBA1* mutations. Lewy body dementia patient number from the Lewy Body Dementia Association. Estimated annual incidence of HFrEF based on company analysis.

GCase85: An enzyme with transformative potential

Our rationally engineered GCase85 offers a longer half-life and increased stability, supporting greater activity levels at lower doses.



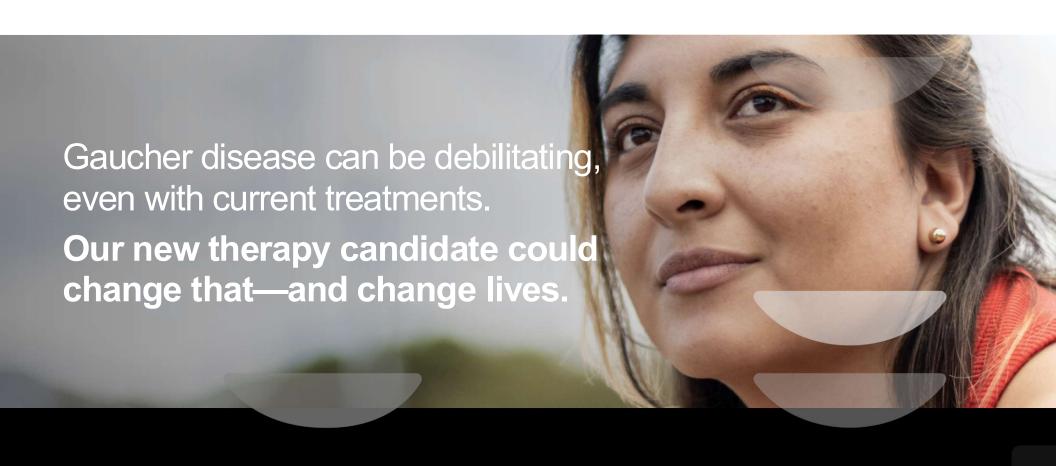
6X

longer half-life in serum than the wildtype

longer half-life in lysosomal pH—6 days instead of 6 hours

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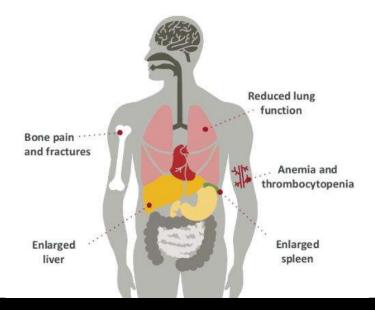
7



Targeting a chronic, progressive, and life-altering condition

Gaucher disease type 1

GCase deficiency leads to a buildup of toxic substrates, Gb-1 and lyso-Gb1, impacting multiple organ systems.



Many people experience debilitating symptoms despite lifelong treatment on ERT (current standard of care).

of people with Gaucher disease have type 11

~18K patients in US, UK, EU4 & Israel

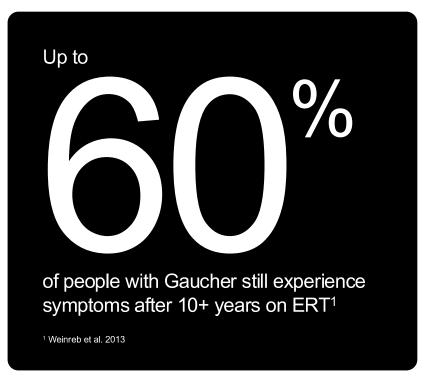
¹Charrow 2000

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A need for a new treatment

The enzyme used in ERT has a short half-life, leaving patients without enzyme coverage between doses and with lingering symptoms.





of people with severe bone marrow burden showed no meaningful improvement after 8 years on ERT²

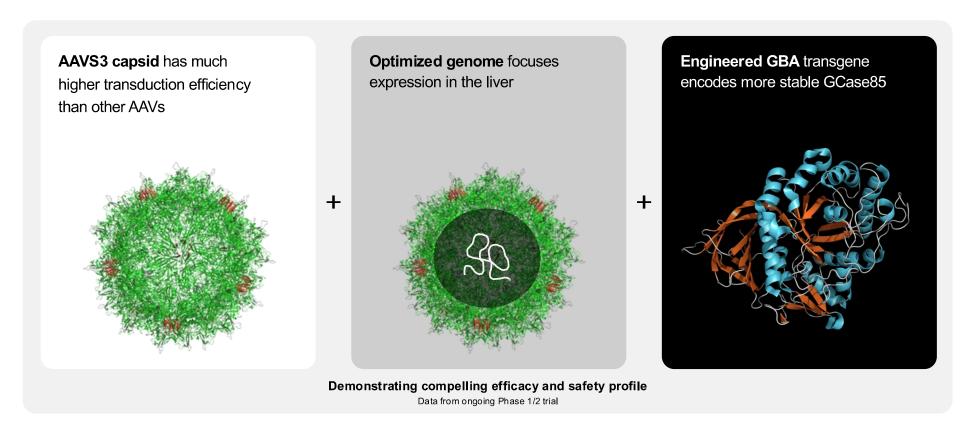
² De Fost 2006; low ERT dose cohort



report fatigue despite treatment with ERT³

³ Damiano 1998

FLT201: A first-in-class gene therapy candidate for Gaucher disease



Demonstrated safety and efficacy

Data support selection of low dose of 4.5e11 vg/kg for planned Phase 3 trial

Clean safety

Favorable safety and tolerability in **all** dosed patients

Compelling efficacy¹

Dramatic improvements in **lyso-Gb1** in patients with persistently high levels despite prior therapy

Maintenance or improvement in hemoglobin, platelets, bone disease and organ volume

Significant reduction in pain and fatigue in the one patient who entered trial with debilitating pain and fatigue

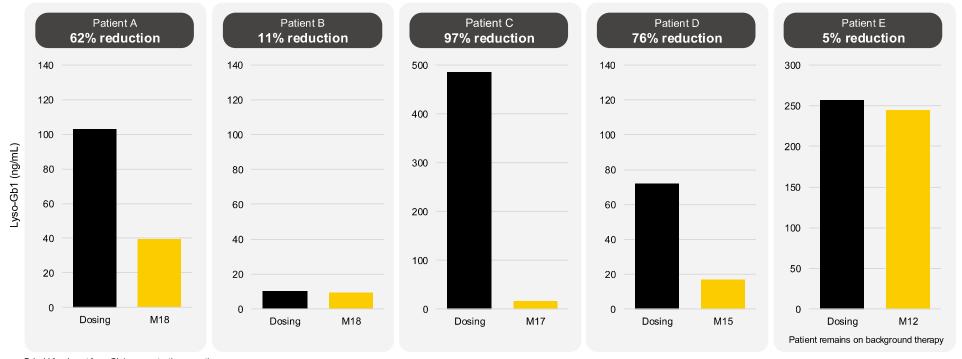


~50% of Gaucher disease type 1 patients are AAVS3 NAb-negative and available for treatment with FLT201

10ne patient with detectable neutralizing antibodies (NAbs) to the AAVS3 capsid below protocol out-off excluded from efficacy analysis. Only patients with no detectable NAbs will be eligible for Phase 3 trial.

Dramatic and sustained reductions in lyso-Gb1 levels

One of the best predictors of disease severity and clinical response, lyso-Gb1 is a potential endpoint for 6-month approval pathway

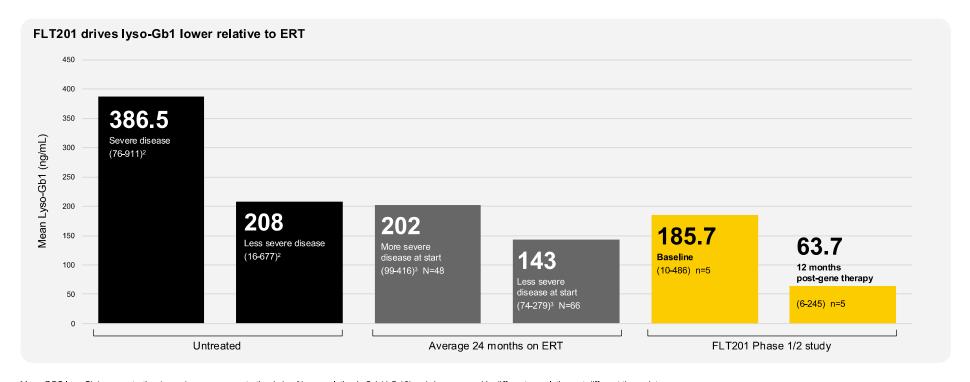


Dried blood spot Iyso-Gb1 concentration over time.

Patients A-D have been off their background therapies for ~14-18.5 months

Data cut off Mar. 28, 2025

FLT201 reduces lyso-Gb1 to near-normal levels



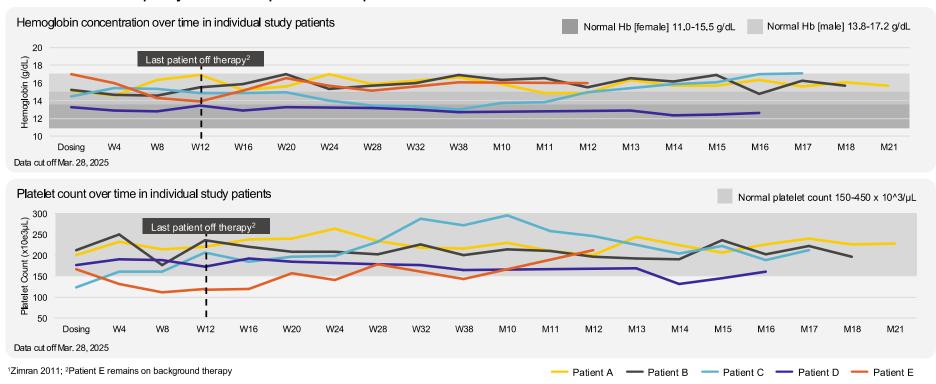
Mean DBS lyso-Gb1 concentration (range); mean concentration in healthy population is 5.4 (1.5-16) ng/mL; measured in different populations at different timepoints.

¹Median value and range (Dinur 2022); ²Curado 2023; ³Dinur 2021

Data cut off Mar. 28, 2025

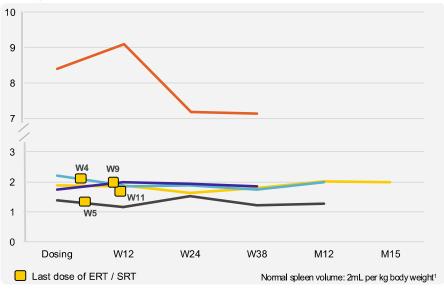
Sustained improvement or maintenance of hemoglobin and platelets observed after withdrawal of ERT or SRT

Reductions are seen quickly in heme and platelets when patients come off ERT/SRT¹

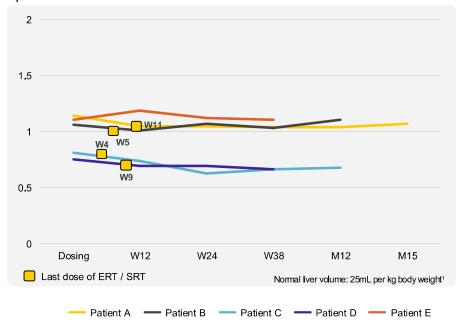


Spleen and liver volume maintenance or improvement observed after withdrawal of ERT and SRT

Spleen volume by MRI as a multiple of normal in individual study patients



Liver volume by MRI as a multiple of normal in individual study patients

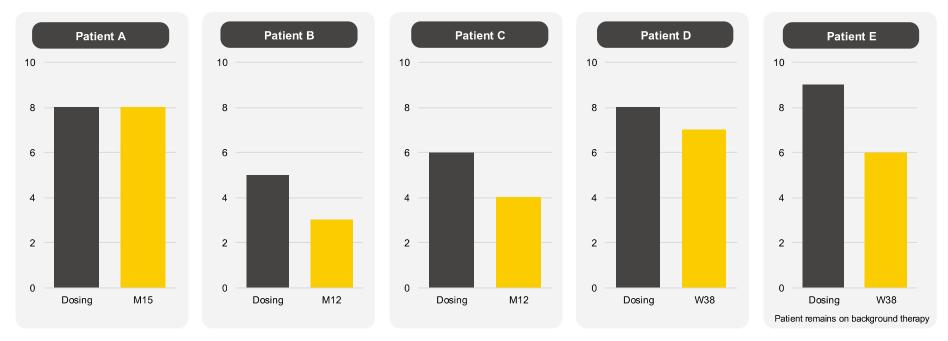


Data cut off Dec. 6, 2024

¹Pastores et al. Blood Cells, Molecules and Diseases. 2014;53: 253–260

Improvement or maintenance of bone marrow burden (BMB)

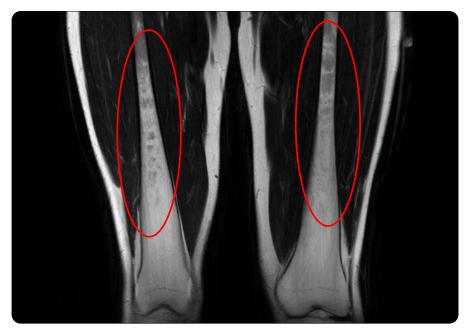
BMB correlates with bone necrosis, fractures, bone pain and joint replacements and remains one of the greatest unmet needs in Gaucher disease



Patients A-D have been off their background therapies for 11.5-16 months. Data as of Jan. 31, 2025

Clinically meaningful improvement in patient with significant bone disease

MRI shows clearance of diseased cells and reappearance of healthy fatty marrow





Baseline femur score: 3

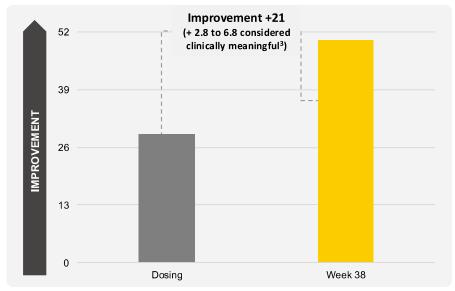
Month 12 femur score: 1

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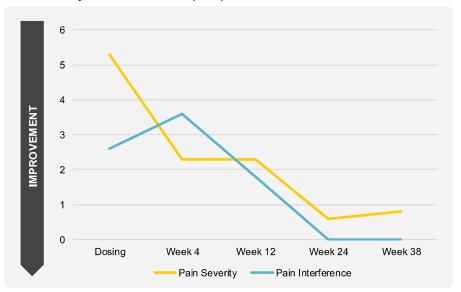
18

Substantial improvement in fatigue and pain leading to improved functioning

FACIT fatigue scale (0-52)1



Pain severity and interference (0-10)²



Data cut off Sep. 27, 2024

1FACIT = Functional Assessment of Chronic Illness Therapy, 2Measured by Brief Pain Inventory Short Form; 3Greenbaum 2020; clinically meaningful in cancer, Iupus, HUS, RA

Well tolerated, with a favorable safety profile

- No dose-limiting toxicities
- Two cases of ALT elevations above normal range deemed related to therapy
 - Spontaneously resolved or managed with immune therapy
 - No impact on efficacy
- Transient anti-GCase antibodies in two patients with no impact on clinical parameters
- ADRs related to immune management consistent with known profile

Summary of Adverse Drug Reactions for FLT201 and Immune Management (n≥2)	
Adverse Drug Reactions (ADR)	# events (# patients)
FLT201	
Elevated alanine aminotransferase (ALT)	7 (6)
Fatigue	4 (3)
Activated partial thromboplastin time prolonged	2 (2)
Anti-GCase neutralizing antibodies	2 (2)
Prednisone	
Hyperglycemia	3 (3)
Weight increase	2 (2)
Panic attack	2 (1)
Tacrolimus	
Diarrhea	4 (4)

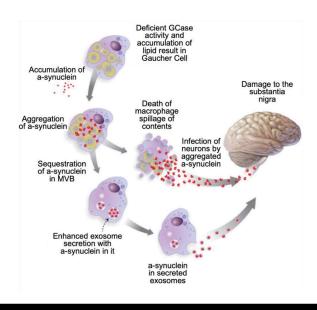
Data cut off Dec. 6, 2024



A debilitating disease with a clear, unmet need

GBA1 Parkinson's disease

GCase deficiency leads to accumulation of α -synuclein, a hallmark of Parkinson's



Progressive, neurodegenerative condition with no disease-modifying therapy

5-15%

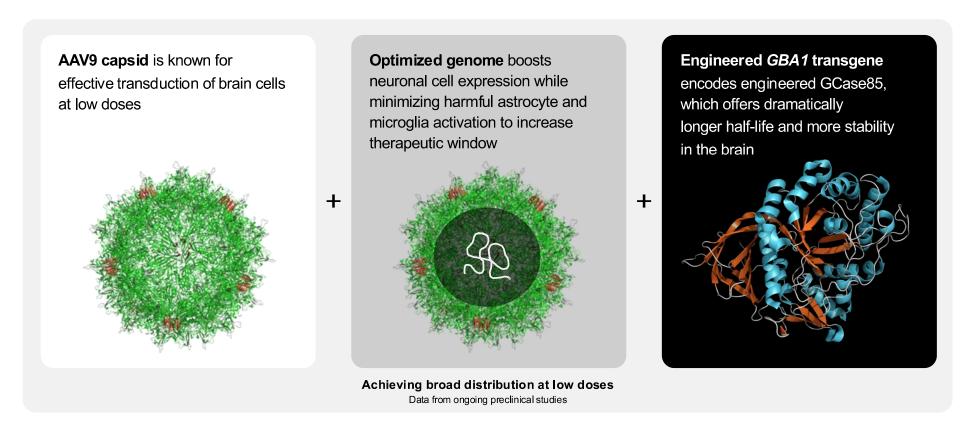
of people with Parkinson's disease have *GBA1* mutations¹

~190K people

have GBA1 Parkinson's in the U.S., U.K., and EU4

¹Cells 2022, 11(8), 1261; https://doi.org/10.3390/cells11081261

SPR301: A potentially disease-modifying treatment for GBA1 Parkinson's with a highly differentiated profile

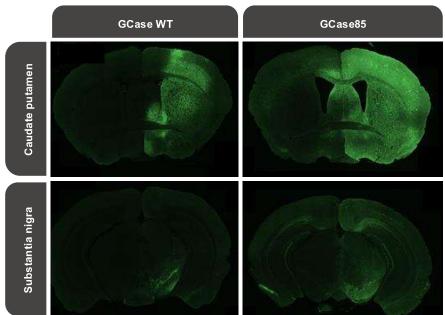


SPR301 preclinical study results:

Superior distribution throughout the brain compared to wildtype

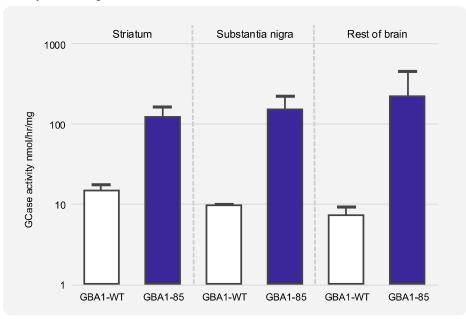
GCase85 distributes broadly and cross-corrects non-transduced cells

Distribution in the brain



Representative coronal sections of animals injected with either AAV9-GBA1-WT or AAV9-GBA1-85 labeled for GCase, n=4. Dosed AAV9 at 1.3e10 vg per mouse by unilateral injection of the right hemisphere striatum.

Activity in brain regions

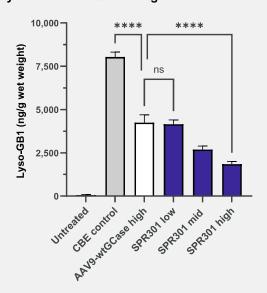


Injected with indicated AAVs, samples dissected from striatum, substantia nigra, or the rest of the brain. The GCase activity is normalized for VG, n=3, data denoted as mean \pm SD.

SPR301 preclinical study results:

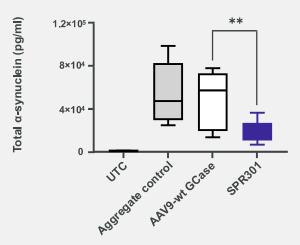
Potential for greater efficacy with a favorable safety profile

Wider therapeutic window, with 25-fold lower dose showing equivalent lyso-Gb1 reduction as high-dose AAV9-wtGCase



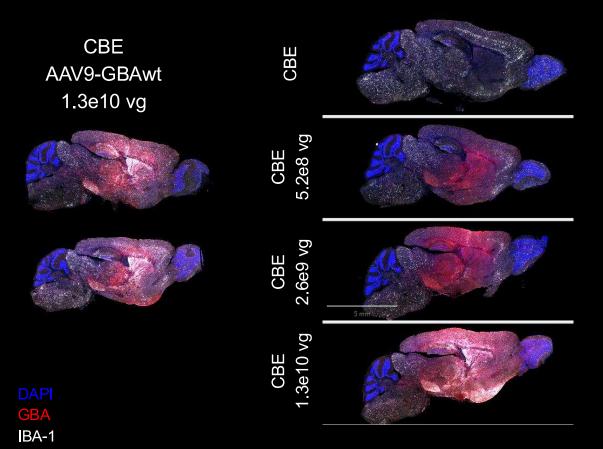
CB57BL/6J (n=8) was treated with CBE 100 mg/kg i.p. daily for 15 days either alone or in combination with a single dose of AAV9 control (1.3e10 vg), AAV9-wt GCase (1.3e10 vg) or a series of increasing doses of SPR301 in 5-fold steps from low (5.2e8 vg) to medium (2.6e9 vg) to high (1.3e10 vg). All vector doses were administered directly to the putamen as a single injection. Ordinary one-way ANOVA; ***p=0.0002 and ****p<0.0001

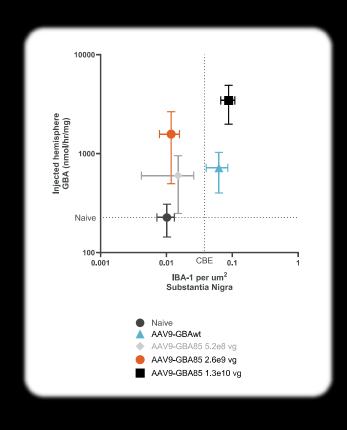
Higher, sustained activity levels in the brain more effectively reduce α -synuclein in neuronal cells compared to wildtype



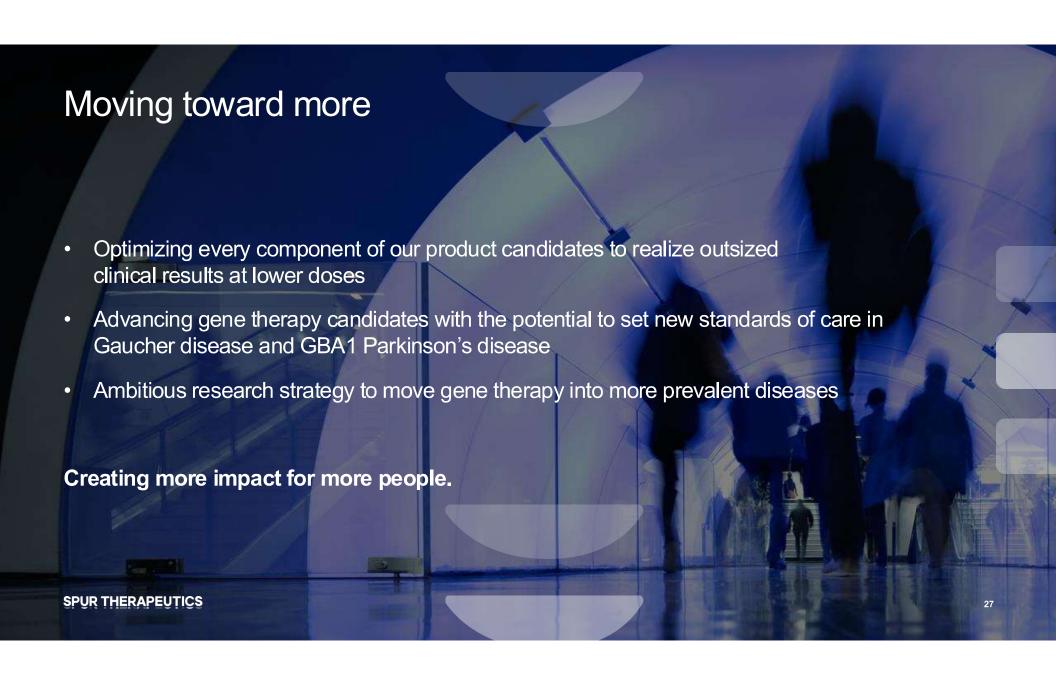
Tested in the surrogate disease model, SH-SY5Y plus α -synuclein (4 μ g/ml), with vectors at MOI 2.5x10⁵; SH-SY5Y cells were pre-treated with *GBA* gene therapy for 24h before challenging them for 24h with recombinant α -synuclein aggregate; N=3 (n=6-10), data denoted as mean \pm SEM. T-test analysis vs. AAV9-wtGCase; **p<0.01.

SPR301 provides superior GCase exposure while minimizing microglia activation





GBA glucocerebrosidase; IBA-1 marker for activated microglia



A team known for making an impact



Michael Parini

Chief Executive Officer and Director

20+ years as a senior executive in leading biopharmaceutical companies







Pam Foulds, MD

Chief Medical Officer 25+ years of medical and dinical

leadership

Biogen.

genzyme



Henning Stennicke, PhD

Chief Scientific Officer 25+ years of scientific leadership





Paul Schneider

Chief Financial Officer 25+ years of global financial, commercial, and operational experience



CASEBIA

Aegerion

Shire



Jay Bircher

Chief Technical **Operations Officer** 30 years of quality and technical operations experience







Nicole Jones

Chief People Officer 25+ years of global human resources experience

ALEXION





Chip McCorkle

VP, GC & Corporate Secretary 10 years of experience advising leading biopharmaceutical companies





Help us spur gene therapy forward.

